APPLICANT(S): STEINER, Mitchell S. et al. SERIAL NO.: 10/747,686

FILED: Page 2

December 30, 2003

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please add or amend the claims to read as follows, and cancel without prejudice or disclaimer to resubmission in a divisional or continuation application claims indicated as cancelled:

1. (Currently amended) A method of suppressing, inhibiting, or reducing the incidence of pre-malignant lesions of prostate cancer in a human, comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising 60 mg of a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

$$\begin{array}{c} R_1 \\ \hline \\ R_1 \\ \hline \\ CH_2 \\ CH_2CI \end{array}$$

(1)

wherein R1 and R2, which can be the same or different, are H or OH; R₃ is OCH₂CH₂NR₄R₅, wherein R₄ and R₅, which can be the same or different, are II or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms

wherein said pharmaceutical composition comprises 60 mg of the compound of formula (1).

2. (Currently amended) A method of treating a human with pre-malignant lesions of prostate cancer, comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical

APPLICANT(S): STEINER, Mitchell S. et al. SERIAL NO.: 10/747.686

FILED: Page 3

December 30, 2003

composition comprising 60 mg of a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

$$R_1 \longrightarrow C = C \longrightarrow R$$

$$CH_2 \longrightarrow CH_2$$

$$CH_2CI$$

wherein R_1 and R_2 , which can be the same or different, are II or OH; R_3 is OCH₂CH₂NR₄R₅, wherein R_4 and R_5 , which can be the same or different, are H or an alkyl group of I to about 4 carbon atoms.

 (Original) The method according to claim 1 or 2, wherein said compound of formula (1) is toremifene, its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable sait, hydrate, or any combination thereof.

4. -6. (Canceled)

- (Original) The method according to any of claims 1, 2, or 3, wherein the premalignant lesion is a precancerous precursor of prostate adenocarcinoma.
- (Original) The method according to claim 7, wherein the precancerous precursors
 of prostate adenocarcinoma is prostate intracpithelial neoplasia (PIN).
- 9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, wherein the prostate intraepithelial

APPLICANT(S): STEINER, Mitchell S. et al. SERIAL NO.: 10/747.686

FILED: December 30, 2003

Page 4

ncoplasia is high grade prostate intraepithelial neoplasia (HGPIN).

10. (Currently amended) A method of suppressing, inhibiting, or reducing the incidence of pre-malignant lesions of prostate cancer in a human comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising an analog-or 60 mg of a metabolite of a compound represented by the structure of formula (1), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

(I)

wherein R_1 and R_2 , which can be the same or different, are H or OH; R_3 is OCH₂CH₂NR₄R₅, wherein R_4 and R_5 , which can be the same or different, are H or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms.

11. (Currently amended) A method of treating a human with pre-malignant lesions of prostate cancer, comprising the step of administering to the human a pharmaceutical composition comprising an-analege or 60 mg of a metabolite of a compound represented by the structure of formula (I), its N-oxide, ester, pharmaceutically acceptable salt, hydrate, or any combination thereof:

APPLICANT(S): STEINER, Mitchell S. et al. SERIAL NO: 10/747.686

FILED: December 30, 2003

Page 5

wherein R1 and R2, which can be the same or different, are H or OH; R₃ is OCH₂CH₂NR₄R₅, wherein R₄ and R₅, which can same or different, are H or an alkyl group of 1 to about 4 carbon atoms.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 10 or 11, wherein the compound is 4chloro-1,2-diphenyl-1-[4-[2-(N-methylamino) ethoxy] phenyl]-1-butene; 4chloro-1,2-diphenyl-1-[4-[2-(N,N-dicthylamino) ethoxy[phenyl]-1-butene; 4chloro-1,2-diphenyl-1-14 (aminocthoxy)]-1-butene; 4-chloro-1-(4hydroxyphenyl)-1-[4-[2-(N,N-dimethylamino) ethoxy] phenyl]-2-phenyl-1butene; 4-chloro-1-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-[4-[2-(N-methylamino)cthoxy] phenyl]-2-phonyl-1-butene; 4-chloro-1,2-bis(4-hydroxyphenyl)-1-[4-[2-(N,Nor dimethylamino)ethoxy]phenyl]-1-butene.

13. -15. (Canceled)

- 16. (Original) The method according to any of claims 10 or 11, wherein the premalignant lesion is a precancerous precursor of prostate adenocarcinoma.
- 17. (Original) The method according to claim 16, wherein the precancerous

APPLICANT(S): STEINER, Mitchell S. et al. SERJAL NO.: 10/747 686

SERJAL NO.: 10/747,686 FILED: December 30, 2003

Page 6

precursors of prostate adenocarcinoma is prostate intraepithelial neoplasia (PIN).

- (Original) The method according to claim 17, wherein the prostate intracpithelial neoplasia is high grade prostate intracpithelial neoplasia (HGPIN).
- (Currently amended) The method according to any of claim[[s]] 1[[s]] or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition further comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 20. (Original) The method according to claim 19, wherein said carrier is selected from the group consisting of a gum, a starch, a sugar, a cellulosic material, and mixtures thereof.
- (Currently amended) The method according to any of claim[[s]]1[f]] or 10, wherein said administering comprises subcutaneously implanting in said human a pellet containing said pharmaceutical composition.
- 22. (Original) The method according to claim 21, wherein said pellet provides for controlled release of said pharmaceutical composition over a period of time.
- 23. (Currently amended) The method according to any—of claim[[s]] 1[[.]] or 10, wherein said administering comprises intravenously, intraarterially, or intramuscularly injecting into said human said pharmacoutical composition in liquid form.
- 24. (Currently amended) The method according to any—of claim[[s]] 1[[.]] or 10, wherein said administering comprises or ally administering to said human a liquid or solid preparation containing said pharmaceutical composition.
- 25. (Currently amended) The method according to any of claim[[s]] I[[,]] or 10.

APPLICANT(S): STEINER, Mitchell S. et al.

SERIAL NO.: 10/747,686

FILED: December 30, 2003 Page 7

wherein said administering comprises topically applying to skin surface of said human said pharmaceutical composition.

- 26. (Currently amended) The method according to any ef claim[[s]] 1[[,]] or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is selected from the group consisting of a pellet, a tablet, a capsule, a solution, a suspension, an emulsion, an elixir, a gel, a cream, and a suppository.
- 27. (Original) The method according to claim 26, wherein said suppository is a rectal suppository or a wrethral suppository.
- (Currently amended) The method according to any of claim[[s]] 1[[,]] or 10, wherein said pharmaccutical composition is a parenteral formulation.
- 29. (Original) The method according to claim 28, wherein said parenteral formulation comprises a liposome.
- (Currently amended) The method according to eny-of claim[[s]] 1[[,]] or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is administered once daily.
- (Currently amended) The method according to any of claim[[s]] 1[[,]] or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is administered twice daily.
- (Currently amended) The method according to any-of claim[[s]] 1[[,]] or 10, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is administered thrice daily.